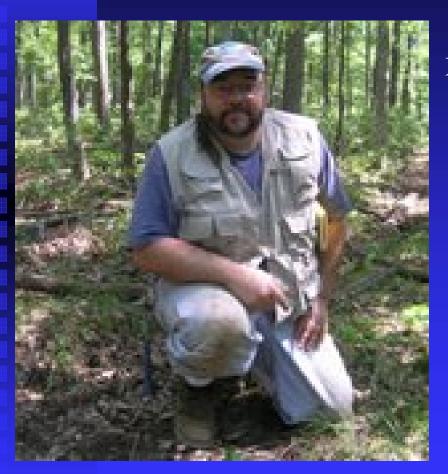
Getting The Waters Tested The Marcellus Shale Factor



Presented by:



Mr. Brian Oram, Professional Geologist (PG),
Soil Scientist, Licensed Well Driller,
IGSHPA

B.F. Environmental Consultants Inc. http://www.bfenvironmental.com

Water Research Center http://www.water-research.net

This is my Normal Attire. (photo by: Samantha Oram-10 yrs)





B.F. Environmental Consultants Inc.



- Professional Consulting Services in the areas of water quality, soils, stormwater, geology, aquifer analysis, and land-development.
- Baseline Chain-of-Custody
- Expert Testimony
- Water Treatment Process/ Product Development
- http://www.bfenvironmental.com



Water-Research Center

Education and Outreach Program funded by B.F. Environmental Consultants Inc.



Education and Outreach Programs

- Environmental and Professional Education and Training for Citizens and Local Municipalities
- Community and Business Outreach Programs
- Citizen Monitoring Programs and Web-Based Training

Website: http://www.water-research.net



Announcements

New Methane Gas Migration and Mitigation Website

http://www.water-research.net/methanegas.htm

New Information Guide for Private Well Owners will be available in April 2012. http://www.bfenvironmental.com









Environment



Non-Point

The Professional and the Marcellus Shan









Drinking Water



All Other Industries



Citizens Movements



Shale Gas Industry

As a Professional – We are in the Middle Getting Hit From All Sides Goals for This Talk

- What Parameters are we missing?
- Major Concerns Related to Baseline Testing Parameters / Process Few Examples
- We are Not Using Baseline Data to Make Decisions
- Private Well Construction Standard Great
 but this does not Solve Most of Our
 Problems.



Misconception 1: Past Water Quality Issues are Not Being Communicated







100 % Pure Water – No Problems



The Real Facts on Drinking Water





Iron / Manganese



Sediment / Gases

50%

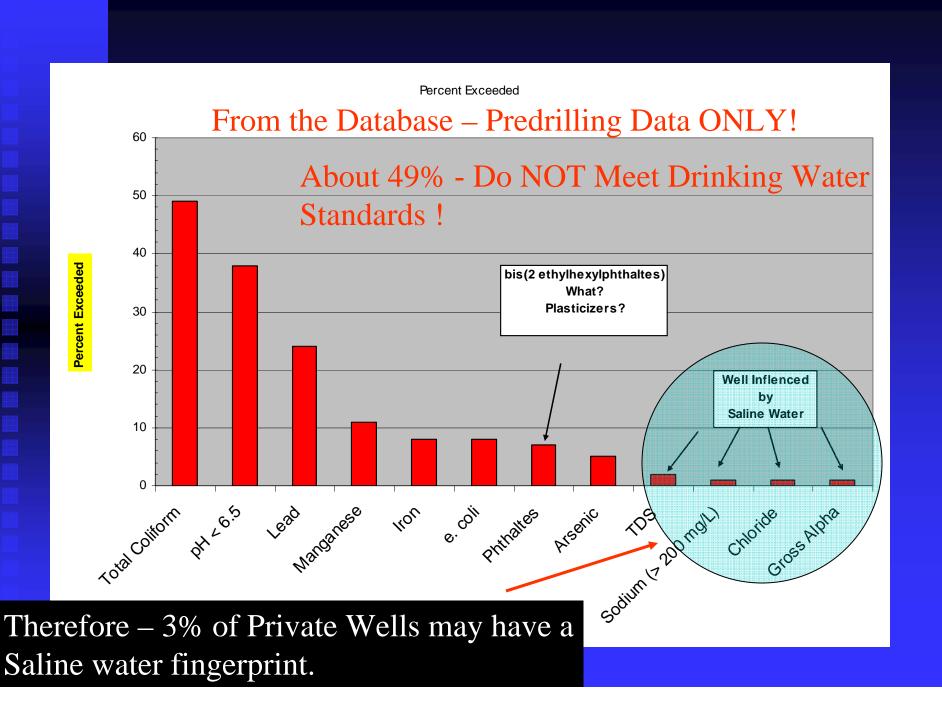
Other 50%

Corrosion









Lets Be Honest – We have Problems in Pennsylvania with Private Wells

- Wells Poorly Constructed either poor casing, inadequate casing, or annular space not grouted.
- Wells Too Deep Mixing Fresh and Saline Aquifers
- Wells in the Wrong Place

Proposed Answer- Private Well Construction Standards! (Yeah)

New Private Well Construction Standards will Not Fix this Problem!



Corrosion, pH, Iron, Manganese











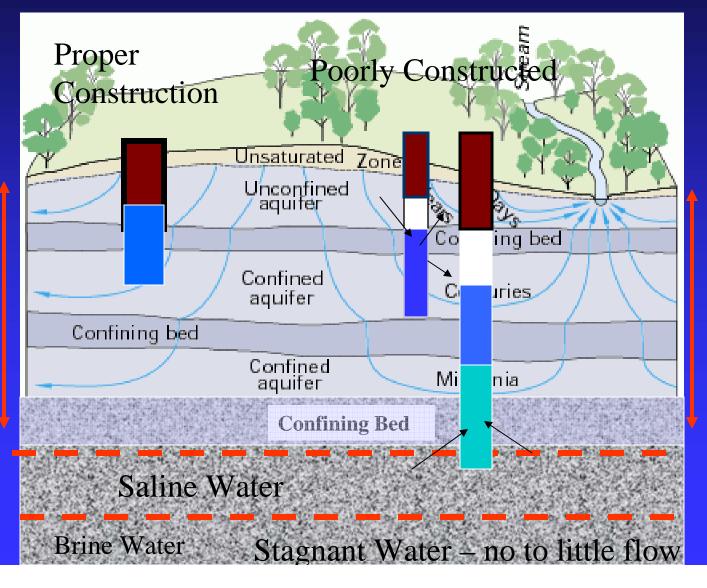
38 % < pH 6.5 < 3 % > pH 8.5 (saline water) Leaching Metals- Copper, Lead, Zinc, and Aluminum

Secondary Drinking Water Standard Iron – 0.30 mg/L (red or black) 8 % Manganese – 0.05 mg/L (black) 11%

If you are not doing it, add Copper, Lead, Zinc, and Aluminum to Baseline Testing – Especially if there is evidence of Corrosion.

Properly Constructed Wells and Poorly Constructed Private Wells

600 to 1200 ft



Fresh Water

Sea Level

Phthalates - How? Not Sure Here are Some Ideas — up to 8% exceed Drinking Water Standards

Trace Level or near Detection Limit may be related to contamination during field sampling or laboratory testing, but this does not appear to account for levels at or above the drinking water standard.

Other Sources

- Private Wells Not Regulated and there are no plumbing codes.
- Sources PVC plastic piping used in the home.
- Sources Drop Pipe and Delivery Piping used in the well.



This is only a hypothesis.

Sometimes we also see hits for Vinyl Chloride and Toluene

(What the electric Tape !!!!)



Arsenic- up to 6 % Above the Standard

- The drinking water MCL is 0.010 mg/L or 10 ppb.
- Arsenic can result in the formation of malignant tumors on skin and lungs and may cause nervous system disorders.
- For this particular parameter within Northeastern Pennsylvania (NEPA), it would be advisable to retest the water for dissolved and total arsenic.
- In many cases, the arsenic has been leached from a colloid or particle that could be more cost effectively removed by standard filtration. It is also typically bound to iron oxide complexes.

Add Arsenic to Baseline Testing



Reminder # 1 - Problems with Iron, Manganese, and Sulfur – May be Bacterially Related



In Northeastern PA- "Nuisance Bacteria may be associated with an Odor, Iron, Manganese, or Sulfur problem. Up to 50% of the time.

Make sure to test for total coliform, standard plate count, and Nuisance Bacteria.

Natural Gas Companies should add this to their screening tests

Only Costs about \$ 9.00 per test.

B.F. Environmental Consultants Inc.
Environmental Scientists, Hydrogeologists, & Environmental Education Specialists
Located in Northeastern Rennsylvania.



Example of Nuisance Bacteria

Iron Related Bacteria Count - > 140,000 colonies per ml

Aluminum - 0.511 mg/L, Iron 1.87 mg/L, Manganese - 5.4 mg/L,

Lead 0.029 mg/L, Methane - < 0.001 mg/L



Action Needed

- Private Wells May Facilitate Contamination
 - ◆ Fix Poorly Constructed Private Wells
 - Private Well and Water System Construction Standards- this must include the piping.
- Baseline Testing
 - ◆ Needs to include Bacteria, Arsenic, Bromide, Possibly Nuisance Bacteria, and Phthalates.

Note: We Originally Recommended Bromide in 2009!



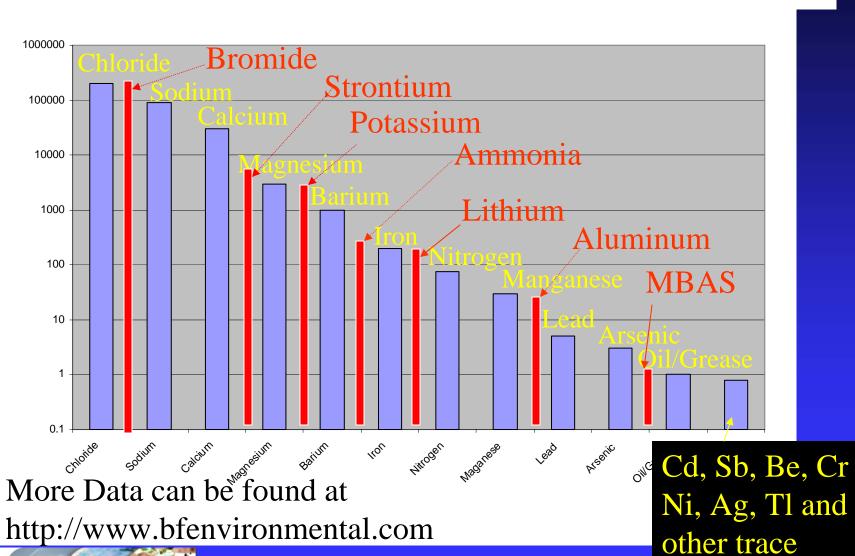
Problem # 2 - Baseline Testing

- More Missing Parameters
 - ◆ Ground Source Factor
 - ◆ Methane Migration
- Problems with the Process
 - Purging
 - Chain of Custody
 - ◆ Quality of Data

Suggested Baseline- For Citizens from PADEP (11/2010)

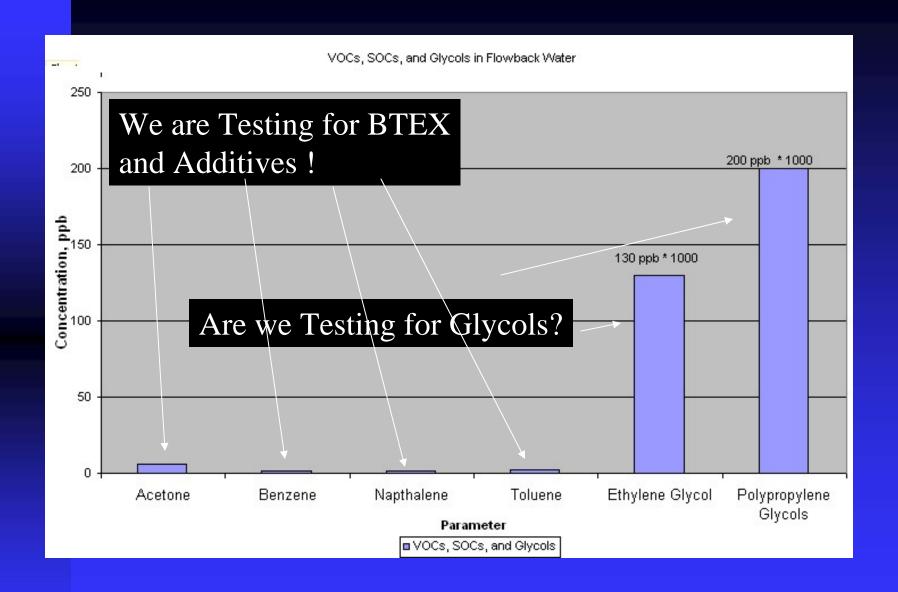
- Alkalinity, Chloride, Conductivity, Hardness, Oil and Grease, pH, Sulfate, Total Dissolved Solids, Total Suspended Soilds, Total Solids
- Barium, Calcium, Iron, Magnesium, Manganese, Potassium, Sodium, Strontium
- Ethane/Methane
- Total Coliform / E. coli

Approximate Flowback Water - Wastewater Chemistry Concentration - mg/L (Source: PSU and Marcellus Shale Coalition



metals







Glycols- not a common problem – no real drinking water standard

ground-water
heating and
cooling systems,
deicing agents, and
natural gas
development

■ EPA guidance is ≤ 7000 ppb or 7 mg/L (ethylene glycol) Grout- Aluminum

Silicates

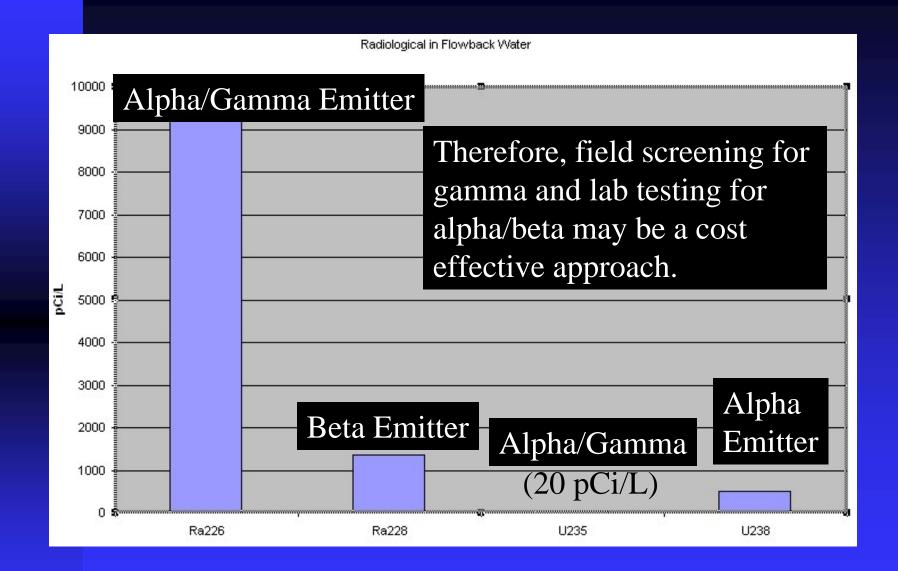
Private Well

Ground Surface Well

Recirculated Glycol in Plastic

Piping surrounded by Sand with Clay

No Construction Standards No Protective Casing

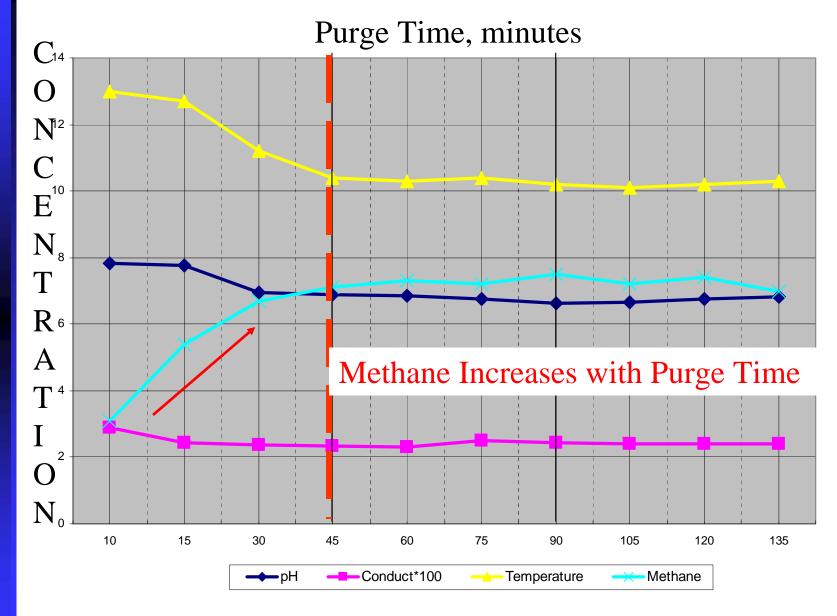




Other Issues with Baseline Testing

- Purging Process Not long enough!
- Not Conducting Isotropic analysis.
- Not Documenting Water Level or Other
 Observations During the Collection Process.
- Using wrong methods or detection limits that are not low enough.
- Lack of Quality Control for the Data- Great Surrogates, Blanks, or Spikes but Geochemically data does not Make Sense.







The Paper Work

- Chain-of-Custody
- Where Does Chain of Custody Start?
 - ◆ The Field Sample Right??

Microbac Lab	Microbac Laboratories, Inc Central Pennsylvania							LAB	DRATO	RY PR	DJECT N	UMBER	
Microbac Laboratories, Inc Central Pennsylvania Division 4359 Linglestown Road, Harrisburg, PA 17112 - Phone: (717) 651-9700 - Fax: (717) 657-0752 209 Senate Avenue, Camp Hill, PA 17011 - Phone: (717) 768-0582 - Fax: (717) 214-1269 INDIA PROVINCIA OF COMPANIANCE OF COMPANI													
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City: State: Zip:	City:	State: Zip:	ĕ sa	Samples within required holding time?				Y N	I NA	-			
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This is chain of custody?





Microbac Laboratories, Inc. - Central Pennsylvania Division

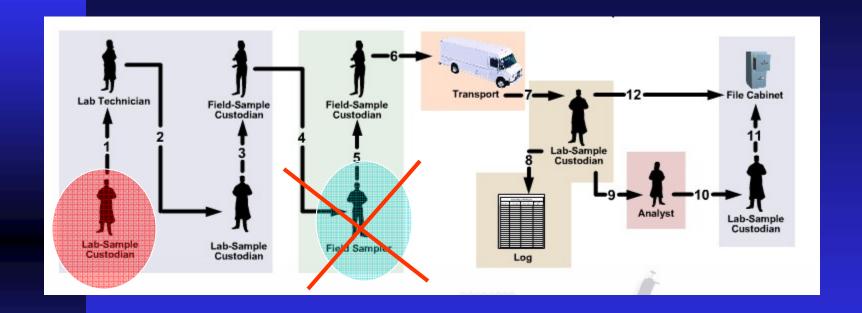
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LABORATORY PROJECT NUMBER

	NELAP accredited by PADEP see www.microbac.com or contact laboratory for other accreditations PA ID#21-133										133									
SUBMIT LAB REPORT TO:			SUBMIT INVOICE TO:				Samples received on ice? Temp: °C					C Y	Y N NA							
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Chain – of Custody- Does Not Start With the Field Professional



Chain-of-Custody – Begins in the Laboratory The Laboratory is the Key to Solid Program.

Question – What happens to the water bottles after they are picked Up by the Field Sampler??? - Most Laboratories I train - have no idea. This is NOT Good. This is a hole that needs to be filled.

EPA – Can we Afford This! This is 1 Sampling Team











At Least 5 People

These Photo Ops – Make Us Look Bad!



A Green Garden Hose and a Bucket – Nice Gloves – Should they be Going in Your Pocket?



Measuring Volume of a Hole – Before Taking a Sample for Metals???



Do I have To Say Anything?



Another

Hopefully Photo Op only- But at Least we have gloves



Action Needed

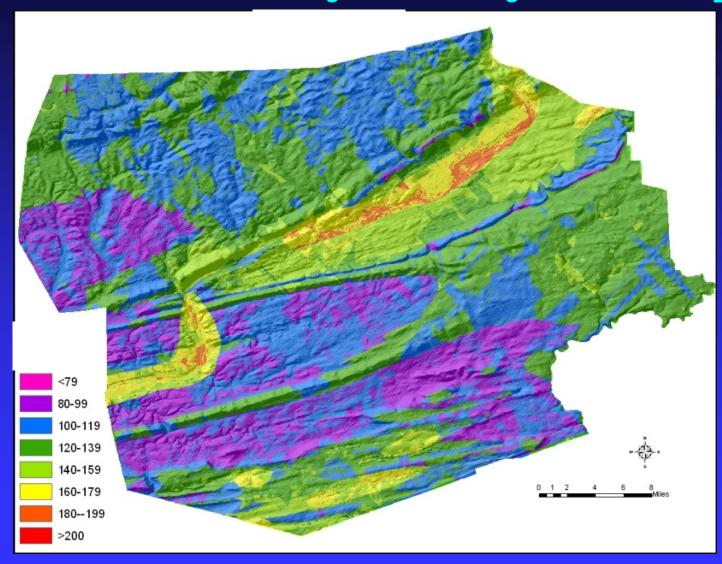
- Add Aluminum, Glycols, and at least Alpha/Beta to Baseline Testing
- Add Surfactants especially Shallow Wells or wells with very little casing
- Properly Purge Water Wells and Monitoring Quality During the Purging Process
- Review Chain-of-Custody Practices Complete Chain-of-Custody Training
- Train Your Field Teams!
- Construction Standards for Geothermal Wells!



Item 3: Stop Using the Data as a Place Holder

- The baseline data has value
 - Vulnerability Analysis
 - ◆ Are we missing something

Vulnerability Analysis Map



Source- Wilkes University

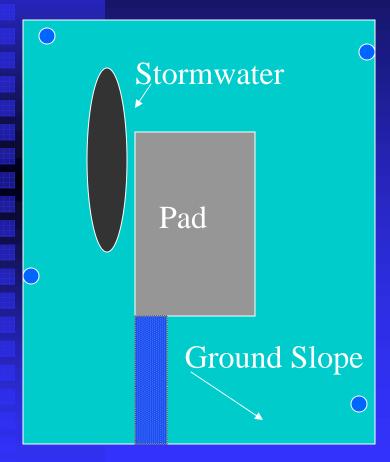
Consider Vulnerability Analysis What does the Baseline Testing Tell Us?

- Is the Well Shallow?
- Is the Well Cement Grouted?
- How deep is the Casing?
- Does the Well Show Signs of Saline Water or Elevated Methane? – Pre-Drilling
- Does the well have an elevated level of bacteria, chloride, sodium, or intermittent discolored water?
- If so this may be a well that is vulnerable to surfacewater or near surface influence and act as a pathway to contamination or a pathway for "saline water".
- This well should be inspected, fixed, upgraded, or abandon.

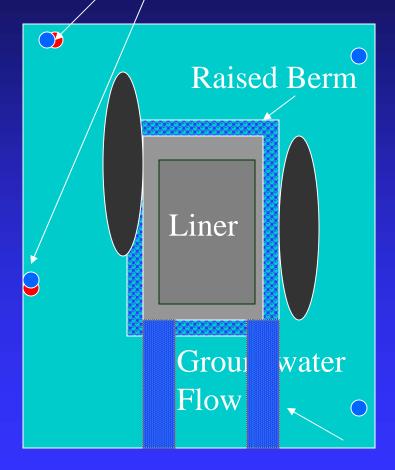


Using Vulnerability Analysis

Wells Already Contaminated

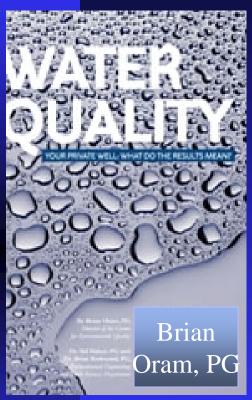


Pre-Baseline Testing Concept



Maybe More Monitoring or Fix Contaminated Wells – Other BMPS?

Educating the Community



Download a Free Copy (pdf) or Link to a copy at http://www.bfenvironmental.com

Also:

- 1. New Booklet available April 2012.
- 2. New Web-portal on Methane Gas Migration And Mitigation (available now)



Help Promote the Citizens Groundwater Surfacewater Database to Your Community Partners. Link to:

<u>http://www.bfenvironmental.com</u> or Pennsylvania Groundwater Forum (facebook)

Again

- 1. Up to 1.5 Million Citizens in PA Drink Water that may cause Short-term or chronic disease. This has nothing to do with Marcellus Shale Or Unconventional Gas.
- 2. Use Baseline Testing Results to Help Select or Identify Vulnerable Areas.
- 3.Private Well Constructions Standards Good, but will NOT Fix this Problem.
- 4. Be Part of the Solution with a Positive Headline and "Working With the Community" Using the Word "WE"

This is not a Marcellus Shale Issue – It is a Vulnerability and Health Issue and a Great Community Matters Issue!



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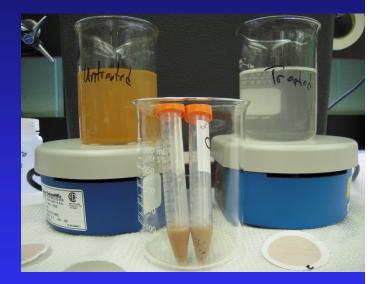
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- http://www.bfenvironmental.com



Mine Water Treatment System and Water Reuse



POW Process



AFTER



BEFORE











Presented by:

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Water Research Center http://www.water-research.net

